## Week 11 Worksheet Bouncing Ball

## Jacob Erlikhman

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Exercise 1. A ball of mass *m* bounces elastically on the floor.

- a) What is the potential as a function of the height *x* above the floor?
- b) Solve the Schrödinger equation. You don't need to normalize your solution.

*Hint:* You should get Airy's differential equation,  $\psi''(z) - z\psi(z) = 0$ . One way to manipulate the Schrödinger equation into such a form is to notice that for  $\psi''(x) - \alpha^3 x \psi(x) = 0$ ,  $z = \alpha x$  does the trick. The solutions of this equation are the Airy functions, Ai(z) and Bi(z). The graphs of these functions are below.

- c) Calculate (approximately) the first 4 energies, using  $g = 10 \text{ m/s}^2$  and m = 0.100 kg.
- d) Now, analyze this problem using the WKB approximation. Find the allowed energies  $E_n$  in terms of m, g, and  $\hbar$ .

Hint: The connecting WKB wavefunctions are

$$\psi(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{2D}{\sqrt{p(x)}} \sin\left(\frac{1}{\hbar} \int_{x}^{x_2} p(x') \, \mathrm{d}x' + \frac{\pi}{4}\right), & x < x_2\\ \frac{D}{\sqrt{p(x)}} \exp\left(-\frac{1}{\hbar} \int_{x_2}^{x} |p(x')| \, \mathrm{d}x'\right), & x > x_2 \end{cases}.$$

- e) Plug in the values from (c), and compare the WKB calculation to the "exact" one for the first four energies.
- f) How large would *n* have to be to give the ball an average height of 1 meter above the ground?